

## A COMPLETE PHONICS RESOURCE TO SUPPORT CHILDREN

## Teach reading: change lives

Parent workshop: Phonics and early reading in Reception, Phase 2 (Autumn 1)





# A love of reading is the biggest indicator of future academic success.

**OECD** (The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development)



## How many times have you already read today?

















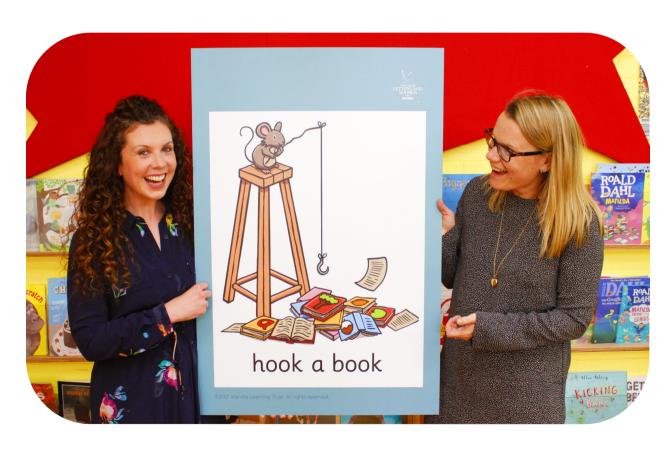
## Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised

Our school has chosen

Little Wandle Letters and

Sounds Revised as our

Systematic Synthetic Phonics
(SSP) programme to teach
early reading and spelling.







### **Phonics is:**

making connections between the sounds of our spoken words and the letters that are used to write them down.





## **Terminology**

**Phoneme** 

Grapheme

Digraph

Trigraph

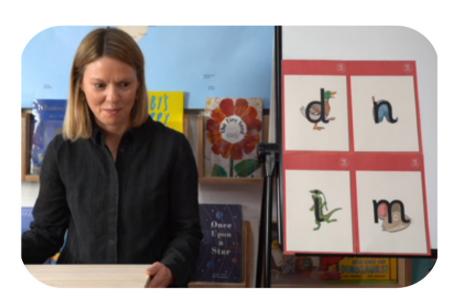
**Blend** 

Segment



## This term we are teaching Phase 2

- These are the first group of letters and sounds your child will learn.
- We start teaching from week 2 of Reception.
- The lessons are fun, interactive, engaging and have been designed to gradually build over time.



## We teach Phase 2 in this order



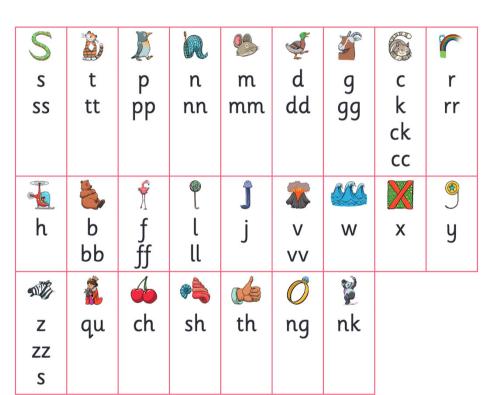
#### Phase 2 grapheme information sheet

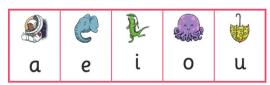
#### Autumn 1

| Grapheme and mnemonic | Picture card | Pronunciation phrase  | Formation phrase  |
|-----------------------|--------------|---|---|
| <b>S</b> S            | Snake        | Show your teeth and and let the s<br>hiss out sssss ssssss  | Under the snake's chin, slide down and round its tail.                      |
| <b>a</b> a            | astronaut    | Open your mouth wide and make the 'a' sound at the back of your mouth a a a                             | Around the astronaut's helmet, and down into space.                         |
| t t                   | tiger        | Open your lips; put the tip of your<br>tongue behind your teeth and press<br>ttt                        | From the tiger's nose to its tail, then follow the stripe across the tiger. |
| <b>p</b> p            | penguin      | Bring your lips together and push them open and say <b>p p p</b>  | Down the penguin's back, up and round its head.                             |
| į                     | iguana       | pull your lips back and make the 't' sound at the back of your mouth i i i                              | Down the iguana's body, then draw<br>a dot (on the leaf) at the top.        |
| n n                   |              | Open your lips a bit,put your<br>tongue behind your teeth and<br>make the <b>nnnn</b> sound <b>nnnn</b> | Down the stick, up and over the net.  |

| Grapheme and mnemonic | 1 | Picture card | Pronunciation phrase   | Formation phrase  |
|-----------------------|---|--------------|--|---|
| Ĵ.                    | j | jellyfish    | Pucker your lips and show<br>your teeth use your tongue<br>as you say J J J          | All the way down the jellyfish. Dot on its head.  |
|                       | V | volcano      | Put your teeth against your<br>bottom lip and make a<br>buzzing <b>vvvv vvvv</b>     | Down to the bottom of the volcano, and back up to the top.  |
| <b>***</b>            | N | wave         | Pucker your lips and keep<br>them small as you say <b>w</b><br><b>w w</b>            | From the top of the wave<br>to the bottom, up the wave,<br>down the wave, then up<br>again.                   |
| X                     | X | box          | Mouth open then push the cs/x sound through as you close your mouth cs cs cs (x x x) | Start at the top, then acros to the bottom of the box. Start at the top, then acros to the bottom of the box. |
|                       |   |              | Smile, tongue to the top of  | Down and round the yo-yo,   |











Phase 2 sounds taught in Reception Autumn 1



Phase 2 sounds taught in Reception Autumn 2



## We teach blending so your child learns to read

- Teacher-led blending is taught throughout Phase 2.
- Our aim to is to teach every child to blend by Christmas.
- We will inform you if your child needs additional practice.











## Tricky words

- These words have unusual spellings e.g. he, the, was.
- They are taught in a systematic way.
- Children are now learning to read the Phase 2 tricky words: is, I, the, put, pull, full, as, and, has, his, her, go, no, to, into, she, push, he, of, we, me, be.









## Our progression

### Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised 2021: Programme progression Reception and Year 1 overviews

This programme overview shows the progression of GPCs and tricky words that we teach term-by-term. The progression has been organised so that children are taught from the simple to more complex GPCs, as well as taking into account the frequency of their occurrence in the most commonly encountered words. All the graphemes taught are practised in words, sentences, and later on, in fully decodable books. Children review and revise GPCs and words, daily, weekly and across terms and years, in order to move this knowledge into their long term memory.

Children need to learn to read as quickly as reasonably possible, so they can move from learning to read, to reading to learn, giving them access to the treasure house of reading. Our expectations of progression are aspirational yet achievable if schools maintain pace, practice and participation by all children. Children who are not keeping-up with their peers should be given additional practice immediately through keep-up sessions.

#### Reception

| Autumn 1 Phase 2 graphemes               | New tricky words |
|--|------------------|
| s a t p i n m d g o c k ck e u r h b f l | is I the         |

| Autumn 2 Phase 2 graphemes   | New tricky words   |
|--|--|
| <ul> <li>ff ll ss j v w x y z zz qu ch sh th ng nk</li> <li>words with -s /s/ added at the end (hats sits)</li> <li>words ending -s /z/ (his) and with -s /z/ added at the end (bags)</li> </ul> | put* pull* full* as and has his her go no to into she push* he of we me be |

\*The tricky words 'put', 'pull', 'full' and 'push' may not be tricky in some regional pronunciations; in which case, they should not be treated as such.

| Spring 1 Phase 3 graphemes   | New tricky words                     |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| ai ee igh oa oo <b>oo</b> ar or ur ow oi ear air er<br>• words with double letters<br>• longer words | was you they my by all are sure pure |

| Spring 2 Phase 3 graphemes   | No new tricky words      |
|--|--------------------------|
| Review Phase 3  longer words, including those with double letters words with —s /z/ in the middle words with —es /z/ at the end words with —s /s/ and /z/ at the end | Review all taught so far |

| Summer 1 Phase 4   | New tricky words  |
|--|---|
| Short vowels with adjacent consonants  CVCC CCVC CCVCC CCCVC | said so have like some come love do were here little says there when what one out today |
| • Longer words and compound words                            | says there when what one out today  |



#### Year 1

| Autumn 1             | Review tricky words Phases 2–4                      |  |  |
|----------------------|---|--|--|
| Review Phase 3 and 4 | Phases 2—4: the put* pull* full* push* to into I no |  |  |
| Phase 5              | go of he she we me be was you they all are my by    |  |  |
| /ai/ ay play         | sure pure said have like so do some come love were  |  |  |
| /ow/ ou cloud        | there little one when out what says here today      |  |  |
| /oi/ oy toy          |   |  |  |
| leal ea each         |   |  |  |

\*The tricky words 'put', 'pull', 'full' and 'push' may not be tricky in some regional pronunciations; in which case, they should not be treated as such.

| Autumn 2 Phase 5 graphemes | New tricky words       |
|----------------------------|------------------------|
| /ur/ ir bird               | their people oh your   |
| /igh/ ie pie               | Mr Mrs Ms ask*         |
| /oo/ /yoo/ ue blue rescue  | could would should our |
| /yoo/ u unicorn            | house mouse water want |
| loal o go                  |                        |
| /igh/ i tiger              |                        |
| /ai/ a paper               |                        |
| leel e he                  |                        |
| /ai/ a-e shake             |                        |
| /igh/ i-e time             |                        |
| loal o-e home              |                        |
| lool lyool u-e rude cute   |                        |
| leel e-e these             |                        |
| lool lyool ew chew new     |                        |
| /ee/ ie shield             |                        |
| /or/ aw claw               |                        |

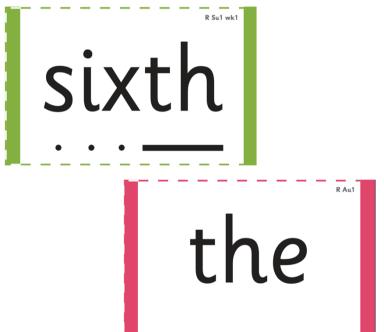
\*The tricky word 'ask' may not be tricky in some regional pronunciations; in which case, it should not be treated as such.

| Spring 1 Phase 5 graphemes | New tricky words            |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| leel y funny               | any many again              |
| lel ea head                | who whole where two         |
| /w/ wh wheel               | school call different       |
| /oa/ oe ou toe shoulder    | thought through friend work |
| /igh/ y fly                | 3 3 3                       |
| loal ow snow               |                             |













## **Spelling**



- Your child will be taught how to spell simple words, using the graphemes they have been taught.
- They will practise the correct formation of letters. They will also have handwriting lessons.

Phase 2 grapheme information sheet

Autumn 1

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| <b>S</b> S            | Snake        | Show your teeth and and let the s<br>hiss out ssssss ssssss                     | Under the snake's chin, slide down and round its tail.                      |
| <b>a</b> a            | astronaut    | Open your mouth wide and make<br>the a sound at the back of your<br>mouth a a a | Around the astronaut's helmet and down into space.                          |
| t t                   | tiger        | Open your lips; put the tip of your tongue behind your teeth and press ttt      | From the tiger's nose to its tail, then follow the stripe across the tiger. |
| <b>p</b> p            | penguin      | Bring your lips together, push them open and say <b>p p p</b>                   | Down the penguin's back, up and around its head.                            |







- Say the word.
- Segment the sounds.
- Count the sounds.
- Write them down.



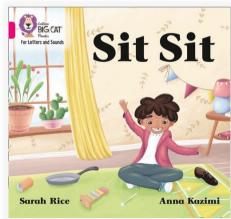


## How do we practise reading in books?

### Reading practice sessions are:

- timetabled three times a week
- taught by a trained teacher/teaching assistant
- taught in small groups
- children in Reception will bring a book home by week 4 of the first half-term.









## How do we find the right book for your child?

## Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised Reception Child assessment

#### Autumn 1

| m | a  | р | С | 0 |
|---|----|---|---|---|
| S | 9  | k | u | h |
| i | t  | n | r | f |
| d | ck | е | b | l |

sat man hug red pe<u>ck</u>

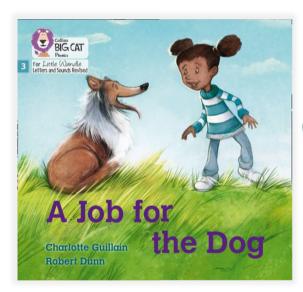




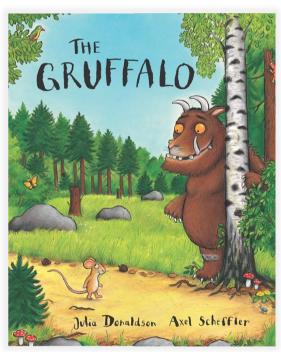


Books going home











## Listening to your child read their phonics book

- Your child should be able to read their book without your help.
- They might sound out words and blend them before they read them fluently.
- If they can't read a word, read it to them.
- Talk about the book and celebrate their success.





## Reading a wordless books

Wordless books are invaluable as they teach reading behaviours and early reading skills to children who are not blending – yet!

- Talk about the pictures.
- Point to the images in the circles and find them on the page.
- Encourage your child to make links from the book to their experiences.





## Read to your child

#### The shared book is for YOU to read:

- Make the story sound as exciting as you can by changing your voice.
- Talk with your child as much as you can:
  - Introduce new and exciting language.
  - Encourage your child to use new vocabulary.
  - Make up sentences together.
  - Find different words to use.
  - Describe things you see.









Phase 2 sounds taught in Reception Autumn 1



Phase 2 sounds taught in Reception Autumn 2

## The most important thing you can do is read with your child



## Reading a book and chatting had a positive impact a year later on children's ability to...

- understand words and sentences
- use a wide range of vocabulary
- develop listening comprehension skills.

The amount of books children were exposed to by age 6 was a positive predictor of their reading ability two years later.



Parental involvement in the development of children's reading skills: A five-year longitudinal study (2002) Senechal, M. and Lefvre, J





# One of the greatest gifts adults can give is to read to children

Carl Sagan

